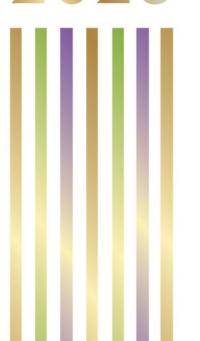








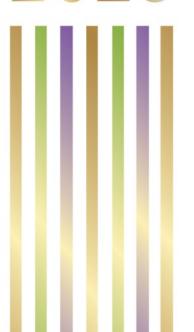
Dr Wendy Fail, Senior Waste Management Officer, Northumberland County Council Chris Huhne, Chair, ADBA











### **FOOD WASTE SEMINAR**

Dr Wendy Fail, Senior Waste Management Officer,
Northumberland County Council





## Northumberland County Council's Food Waste Collection Trial

Dr Wendy Fail
Senior Waste Management
Officer

### Introduction

NCC Waste Collections – An Overview

Trial Location
Commercial Collections
Communications
The Data – so far

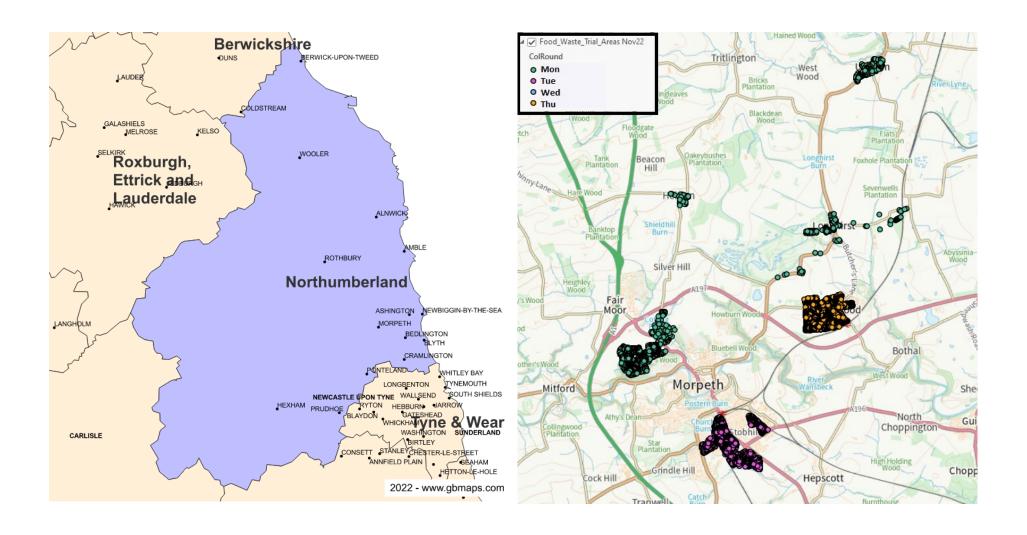




### Waste Management in Northumberland



### **Food Waste Collections – Trial Locations**





### **Communications**







#### Northumberland Food Waste Trial

As part of its drive to combat climate change and improve recycling rates in Northumberland, the county council is undertaking a pilot scheme, collecting the weekly food waste from around 4,200 households across four areas within the county.

An average household's waste is made up of one-third food-waste that could be recycled. Additionally, wasting food costs the average family around £60 a month.

This pilot scheme will help the council assess the impact recycling food waste will have on overall household waste, determine the viability of extending the service across the rest of the county, and help us collect your feedback and refine the service.

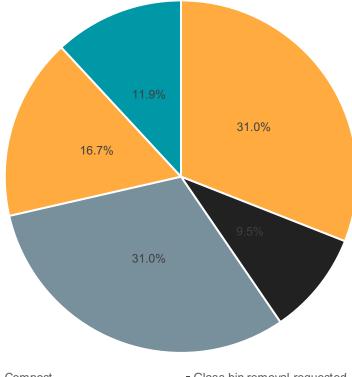


All the information and support you need for taking part in this trial can be found on this web page.

#### Page contents:

- When will your bin be collected?
- What can go in your food waste bin
- Get a free text/email reminder before each bin collection day
- · Your questions answered

### **Opt-Outs**



Home Compost

- Glass bin removal requested
- Not enough waste/pensioner/lives alone Doesn't want another bin
- Other issue



As a household of only two adults, who pride themselves in creating the minimum food waste whenever possible, we were really surprised by how much food waste actually created! It's a great idea and should be expanded.

Originally, I was really shocked at the amount of food waste we had and the bun was 100% full. Although there's only 2 of us we do have family visit for meals etc and we have now reduced our food waste significantly because of the food recycling which has created an awareness of our waste and therefore educated us.



I love that I can make a difference to the environment using food waste. Generally there's not much, but it makes you think more about using left overs first. Can I also say how lovely the bin collectors are, always say hello if your about and very cheerful. It's been a pleasure to be part of this scheme, hope it becomes more than just a pilot.

As a family we love it, it is great, very handy to have the caddy in the kitchen, it is now part of our everyday life. On the plus side, our general waste bin doesn't smell anymore which is a bonus too. Love it and hope it continues.



### **Non-Domestic Collections**

<u>Date</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Day</u>	Round	Bins OK	Bins not OK	Comments
4-4-23	County Hall Kitchens	Tue	CplFod_21L			All Bins empty. Recorded on regular street sheets
18-4-23	County Hall Kitchens	Tue	CplFod_21L	1	0	1 bag collected
25-4-23	County Hall Kitchens	Tue	CplFod_21L	1	0	1 Bin was full
3-5-23	County Hall Kitchens	Wed	CplFod_21L	1	0	1 Bin was full
10-5-23	County Hall Kitchens	Wed	CplFod_21L	1	0	1 Bin Full

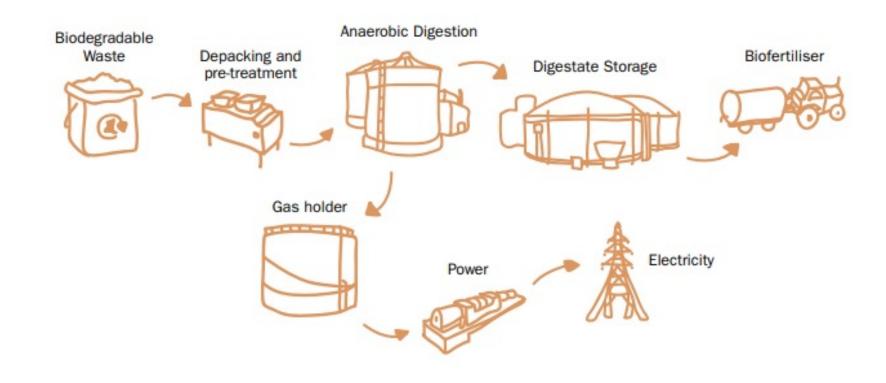






### **Kerbside Food Waste Collection**





### The Data – so far...

<b>Round Details</b>			<u>Participation</u>												
Day	Area	Round Code	Houses on Round	Smallest Present (No of Homes)	Largest Present (No of Homes)	Avg Present (No of Homes)	Lowest Set out Rate %	Highest Set out Rate %	Avg Set Out Rate %	Lightest kg per container	Heaviest KG per container	Avg KG per container	Lightest For All Props	Heaviest for All Props	Avg of all Props
Mon	Morpeth/Longhirst/He bron/Ulgham	CplFod_11L	876	358	558	462.8	33.2	63.7	52.5	2.13	4.17	2.91	1.21	2.44	1.53
			<b>*</b>												
Tue	Morpeth Stobhill	CplFod_21L	1,056	424	908	489.6	40.2	86.0	46.4	1.52	4.11	2.84	1.00	1.91	1.30
Wed	Bedlington	CplFod_31L	1,326	439	759	526.9	33.1	57.2	39.7	1.77	4.08	2.57	0.77	1.69	1.02
1800															
Thu	Pegswood	CplFod_41L	1,280	442	698	554.6	34.5	54.5	43.3	2.12	4.31	2.61	0.84	1.91	1.13
All Days	Total Averages		1,135	415.75	730.75	508.5	35.2	65.4	45.5	1.88	4.17	2.73	0.96	1.99	1.24
		Totals	4,538									Average	0.93	1.95	1.21

Round Details				Replacer	ment Bag					
Once	Area	Round Code	Houses on Round	Min Dag Regs Single Work	Max Dag Regs Single Work	Average Dag Begs.per Week	Total flag Rega For Round all Time	Beg Requests per house per Week	Individual heps per round per house per West	Individual Bags used per participant per meek
Mon	Morpath/LonghisstMe bron/Ligham	CgFed_11L	876	1	42	22.7	E39	0.0369	1.36	2 95
Tue	Morpeth Stubbill	Cp/Fed_2%	1,096	11	33	22.7	841	0.0216	1.12	2.41
Wed	Bedington	CpFed_3%	1,326	12	38	26.0	925	0.0109	0,90	2.47
Thu	Pagawood	CpFed_4%	1,200	10	40	27.3	1011	0.0213	1.11	2.96
	A 5000101			1.00					15-0	
All Days	Total Averages		1,136		42	24.4	3616	0.0215	1.12	2.50

Ro	Round Details			Workload										
Day	Ama	Round Code	Houses on Round	Lightest Ever [Waight.]	Heaviest Exer [Weight]	Avg.Weight	Earliest Ever [Time]	Latest Ever [Time]	Avg Time	Shortest Distance	Longest Distance	Arg Distance		
Mon	Morpeth/Longhirst He bron/Ligham	CpFod_11L	876	1060	2140.0	1340.0	12:35 pm	2 06 pm	1.19 pm	41.0	88.0	65.9		
Tue	Morpeth Stobbill	CpiFod_21L	1056	1060	2020 D	1369.3	12:29 pm	2:06 pm	12:53 pm	25.0	57.0	41.5		
Wed	Bedington	CpfFod_3%L	1326	1020	2240.D	1352.4	12:27 pm	1:45 pm	1.01 pm	25.0	69.0	43.7		
Thu	Peguvood	CpiFod_4%	1280	1080	2440.D	1445.1	11:45 am	2:25 pm	1.01 pm	26.0	73.0	43.9		
All Days	Total Averages		1134.5	1055	2210.0	1376.7	12:19 pm	2 06 pm	1.03 pm	29.3	71.8	48.5		
		Totals	4538	4,220.00	0.0188	5506.9								

### **Residual Waste Impacts**

Round	SUM of Weight S	Weight (t)	
	0	0	
CplFod_11L	60300	2900	60.30
CplFod_21L	61620	1866	61.62
CplFod_31L	60860	1967	60.86
CplFod_41L	65030	1977	65.03
Grand Total	247810	8710	247.81

In total, 247.81t of food waste has been diverted from residual waste since the start of the trial

Group Activity – Break into groups to discuss the following, then feedback

What are the barriers/ challenges faced by LAs in rolling out food waste collections - perspectives from those who have rolled out (actual experience) vs those who are yet to roll out (perceived experience)

How can LAs encourage and increase resident participation rates in food waste collections

PLUS 2 QUESTIONS FROM CHRIS

### Any Questions?

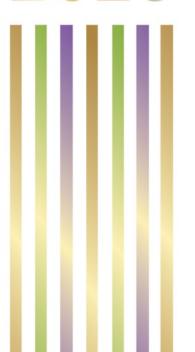
Dr Wendy Fail Senior Waste Management Officer wendy.fail@northumberland.gov.uk











FOOD WASTE SEMINAR Chris Huhne, Chair, ADBA

# ADBA: FROM FOOD WASTE TO CLEAN ENERGY

CHRIS HUHNE





### INTRODUCING AD TECHNOLOGY

- Anaerobic Digestion (AD) is the ready-to-use technology which converts methane-emitting organic wastes, including food wastes that cannot be eaten, into green, clean energy and valuable biofertiliser.
- In doing so, the sector contributes to the creation of a truly circular economy. Yet AD is currently estimated to be achieving just one fifth of its full potential.
- LAs invented modern AD: shout-out for Exeter and street-lighting.
- If all domestic food waste and other feedstocks (sewage sludge, farm manures and slurries etc) in the UK were processed by AD, we could meet nearly a tenth of our total gas demand and a fifth of imported gas.
- Shell and BP recent big investors. Sharp growth in sector.



## DEFRA RESOURCES AND WASTE STRATEGY

- To work towards eliminating food waste to landfill by 2030 (one of five strategic ambitions).
- Legislation for mandatory separate food waste collections delayed from 2023 to 2025 – ADBA are currently campaigning for reversal of the delay.
- AD infrastructure is ready and willing to work with LAs to treat food waste and provide valuable renewable energy back to local communities as soon as collections are in place.
- Can LAs rely on more delay? PM Sunak is an ally but the foot-dragging went down badly. Previous scares led by Daily Mail. But they are scares...



## THE ECONOMICS OF AD FOR LOCAL AUTHORITIES

- The current methods of treating food waste, namely incineration and landfill, are both more expensive and more environmentally damaging than AD (WRAP gate fee survey 2018).
  - Landfill: £88 to £168 per tonne (non-hazardous waste including landfill tax, 80 gate fees reported)
  - EFW = £33 to 117 per tonne (pre and post 2000 facilities, 62 gate fees reported)
  - AD = -£5 to £68 per tonne (62 gate fees reported)
- Setup costs will likely differ across local authorities depending on a number of factors.
- England is behind the rest of the UK when it comes to capitalizing on the economic benefits of using AD to treat food waste.

### AD VS INCINERATION

- Dealing with waste through incineration in 'energy-from-waste' plants is increasingly presented as a sustainable option – this is problematic from both an environmental and a social point of view.
  - Recycling waste or treating waste with AD is more profitable and creates more jobs than incineration.
  - Incineration works to encourage wastefulness and discourage recycling by forcing local authorities into long-term 'deliver or pay' contracts with expensive incineration plants, based on the consistent production of a steady stream of waste.
  - The County Council in Nottinghamshire has previously refused separate food waste collection in order to avoid the fines for not meeting waste delivery targets for incineration.
- AD is the more future-proof and profitable option to empower local authorities and their citizens in the transition to Net Zero and will become more so once the Emissions Trading Scheme covers waste.
- The UK carbon price WILL align with EU price, and will add at least £20 per tonne to EFW options

### CASE STUDY: SCOTLAND

- Scotland's Food Waste Reduction Action Plan was published in April 2019.
- 80% of households already have access to food waste collections.
- One AD Plant in Scotland, named the Deerdykes Recycling Centre, already powers 2,400 homes per year.
- "Increasingly, waste has value. The AD process recognizes that, and turns things we don't want, like food waste and farmyard slurry, into something we desperately need – clean, affordable electricity," – Stephanie Clark, policy manager at Scottish Renewables



Save-The-Date: 1pm to 2:30pm on Wednesday, 10th July – come to the Local Authorities Lunch at the Biogas Expo, NEC Birmingham!

Happy to arrange site visits to local plants, so you can see the technology at work: please contact alice.stephens@adbioresources.org

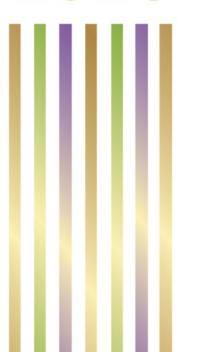
THANK YOU
FOR LISTENING.
ANY
QUESTIONS?









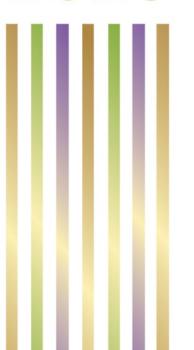


### **QUESTIONS & ANSWERS**









### THANK YOU FOR JOINING US!







### **COMMERCIAL WASTE**

Chair: Chris Mills, Special Adviser for Collections and Recycling, WRAP
Keith Patterson, Specialist - Waste & Recycling, WRAP
Phil Eccles, Waste and Recycling Advisor, Liverpool BID
Daniel Long, Business Development Team Leader, Hillingdon Council



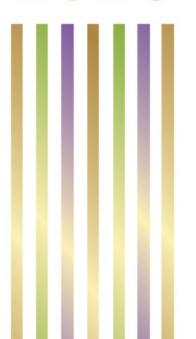




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CONFERENCE

CELEBRATION AWARDS



### **COMMERCIAL WASTE**

Keith Patterson, Specialist - Waste & Recycling, WRAP

# Commercial Waste and Recycling

12 October 2023

Chair: Chris Mills, WRAP Keith Patterson, WRAP Phil Eccles, Liverpool BID Company Daniel Long, Hillingdon BC



### **Workplace recycling**

- 1. The opportunities and challenges
- 2. Engaging with businesses
- 3. Delivering services



### **Questions to think about**

- Chris How might the service provider prepare for change
- Keith Business support tools, guidance, resources
- Daniel Data and information needs for service providers
- Phil Communicating and engaging effectively with businesses



### Non-household recycling in England

- Potential to increase recycling of non-household waste.
- Simpler Recycling / Consistency Consultation outlined proposals to increase non-household recycling
- The Environment Act 2021 sets conditions that glass, metal, plastic, paper and card & food waste are presented separate from residual waste.
- Statutory Guidance to set out:
  - key dates, including potential for phased implementation;
  - any potential exemptions on mixing of materials; and
  - the process for compliance and enforcement.



Consultation on Consistency in Household and Business Recycling in England

May 2021

1

### Wales: New Regulations 6th April 2024\*

- All workplaces such as businesses, public sector and charities will need to separate their recyclable materials in the same way most households already do.
- Bans on the disposal of all food waste to sewer from non-domestic premises.
- Bans on specified separate recyclable waste streams going to incineration plants and landfills.

Applies to all waste and recycling collectors and processors who manage **household-like waste** from workplaces.

\*Hospitals (NHS and private) have an additional two years to comply with the separation requirements. The ban on food waste to sewer applies from 6th April 2024.



### Non-household recycling in Northern Ireland

- Recycling of non-household waste in Northern Ireland is estimated to be ~40%
- Recycle 65% of municipal waste by 2035
- Recycle 70% of waste by 2030
- Food Waste (Northern Ireland) Regulations 2015



### **Opportunities and challenges**

- 2.4 million businesses in England, NI, and Wales
- Duty of Care
- Potential to increase recycling of nonhousehold waste
- UK commitment to recycle 65% of municipal waste by 2035
- Separate collection of dry recyclables
- Separate collection of food waste for recycling
- Shared objective, similar policies across the nations





Household waste recycling



Business waste recycling

# Small and micro business barriers to recycling

- Waste and recycling is low on business agenda
- Lack of clarity of responsibilities
- Little knowledge of optimisation of provision

   adding a recycling container can reduce overall cost

Various studies

# Small and micro business barriers to recycling



- High turnover of staff
- Shared provision can be open to abuse
- Assumption that they do not produce enough waste to warrant a recycling provision

Various studies

### Addressing barriers to recycling

- Increase awareness of what will be required by businesses
- Support to understand the savings or costs of recycling
- Procurement guidance
- Resources to engage employees
- National communications and engagement
- Test effectiveness of online and in-person support



# New regulations will soon require businesses to improve the way they recycle.

#### What's changing and why

New regulations will soon require all businesses, healthcare establishments and academic institutions to separate these recyclable materials from their general waste.

Matal such as drinks sans and food tins



### **Preferred support**

- Limited existing guidance available
- WRAP survey of businesses and business representatives
- 85%+ in-person advisory support
- Dedicated business recycling website
- Sector specific guidance
- Good practices, case studies, and template resources



### **Building a support programme**

Partnered with business and waste service providers to develop...

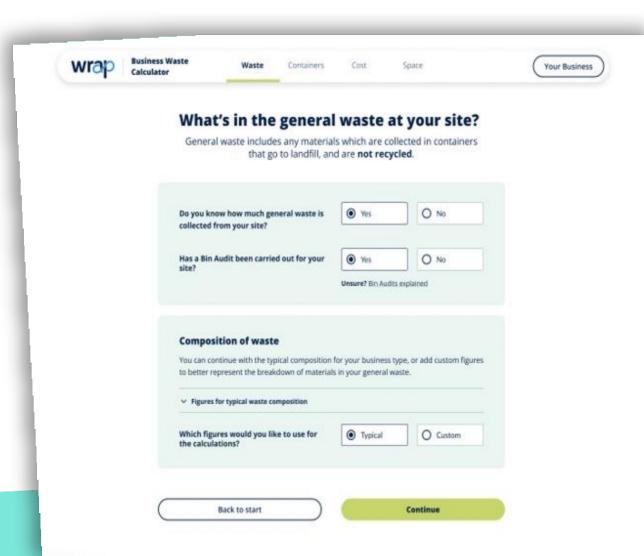
- Online guidance
- Business Waste Calculator
- Resources for businesses, e.g., communications







Worked with pilot partners to test effectiveness of additional in-person support



### **Discussion Groups**

- Chris How might the service provider prepare for change
- Keith Business support tools, guidance, resources
- Daniel Data and information needs for service providers
- Phil Communicating and engaging effectively with businesses





## Thank you

wrap.org.uk



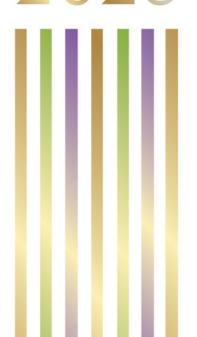






### **COMMERCIAL WASTE**

Phil Eccles, Waste and Recycling Advisor, Liverpool BID Daniel Long, Business Development Team Leader, Hillingdon Council



B.O.R.

The Pilot Experience
Phil Eccles - Liverpool BID Co



Liverpool BID Co

## **BOR Support**

- Engagement process
- Different Approaches
  - Emailing our Membership
  - Direct Contact -ME plus
- Identifying the right person
- Time required



# Engagement

- Comms team use of direct email to our database
- Contact from interested members
- Initial call to explain and arrange appt
- Email to confirm
- No more than 20 mins

# First Appt

- Individual businesses concerns
- Explaining where we are now
- Emphasising Support available
- Website and leaflet use



We haven't got the space to do this!

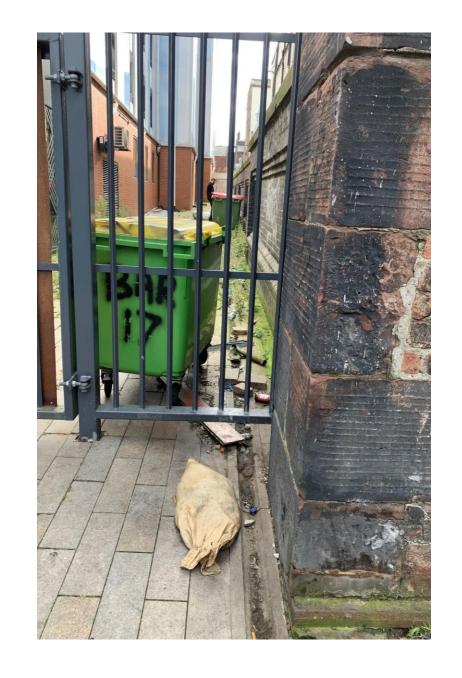
Duplication of some services meant that not all containers were needed.







Access to shared provision opportunities could be a challenge



### The 2nd Appt

- Did they read the leaflet
- Did they visit the website
- What if's and flexibility -Discussing the deadline
- Enforcement?
- Contractor's "Advice"
- Waste Audits

# Follow up

- Questions and requests from members
- Rising interest Chester and St Helens

# Hillingdon Council Commercial Waste Presentation By Daniel Long



### Introduction

- 22% Market Share.
- 1531 businesses served.
- Trialling food waste for commercial.
- A revenue stream of £1.8 million per annum.
- Continuous steady growth.
- Data captured for strategic decision making.
- Cooperative relationships with other Hillingdon Councils departments.



### **General Waste**

- Offers 1280L, 1100L, 360L and kerbside sack collections
- Most popular service is currently the 1100L eurobin.
- Currently more uptake on the 360L in recent months.





### DMR (Dry Mixed Recycling)

- Currently offering a 1100L eurobin and kerbside sack collections.
- Often taken up alongside General Waste.
- Customers converting general waste for recycling bins where possible.
- Currently looking at ways to monitor/manage contamination among commercial recycling.





### Trialling food waste

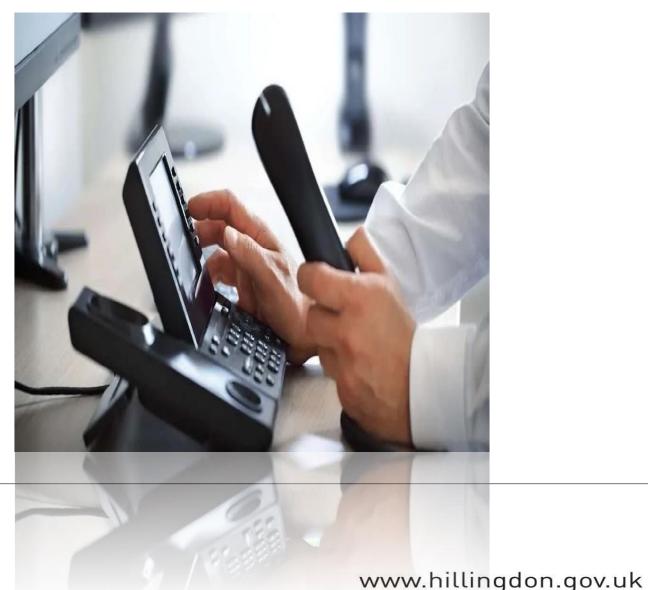
- Currently trialling food waste.
- 2 customers signed up from commercial as of August 2023
- 240L wheelie bins.
- Scope to make commercial food waste an approved service.
- A high interest from the catering and hospitality industry.





# COMMS and Engagement of the Food Waste Trial.

- Regular 1:1 engagement with the customers.
- Updates from the collection crews.
- Review the results.
- Advise customer of issues.
- Request customers input.
- Address Issues.
- Monitor accordingly.





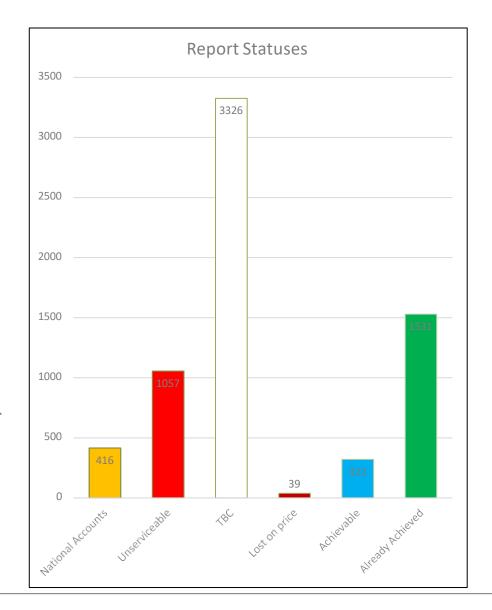
### Importance of data in commercial waste.

- Data helps to measure performance of the functions and projects on their successes.
- Good relevant data will back up your proposals and arguments.
- Data helps to develop better business strategies.
- Data helps promote positive change.
- Data can help you identify patterns and develop actions.
- Data can be used to review decisions and their impact on the function.



### Sales Waste Database

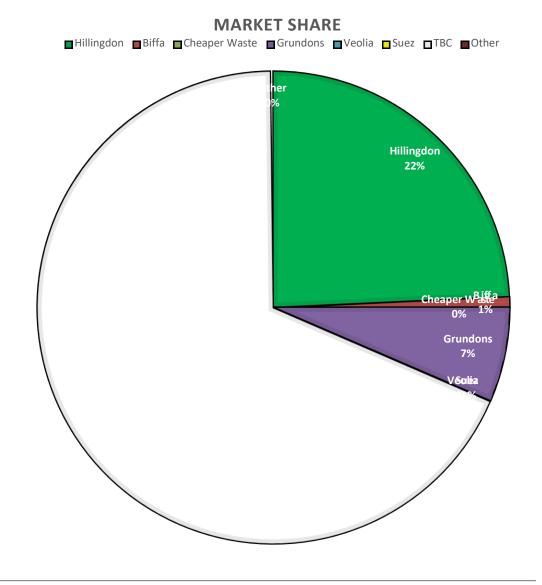
- A live document for use by the sales team created on Microsoft Excel
- Data based on business rates and compared to businesses achieved
- Formulas/subsheets used to capture and create reports/graphs for strategies, updates and decision making.
- Allows for sales team to report findings on each potential customer and mark for future reference and/or other team members.
- Allows for market positions to be reflected once populated





### **Market Share**

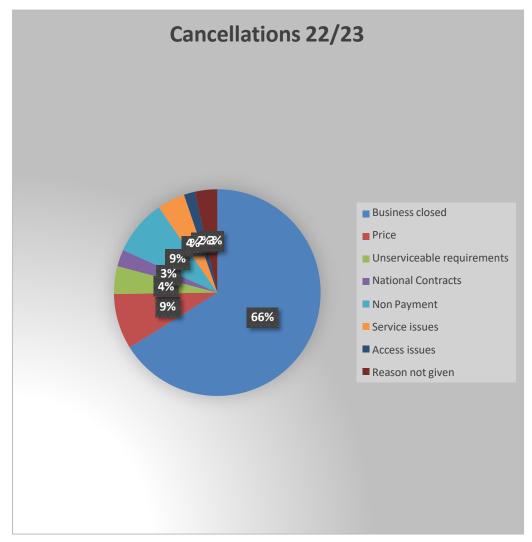
- A total of 6694 potential businesses in the borough
- A total of 1531 businesses being serviced.
- 131 businesses gained in 2022/2023.
- Currently trying to identify competitors shares and positions within the borough





### Growth

- Growth has been slower due to more businesses closing.
- A more challenging economic climate creating a less stable market.
- Growth still being achieved albeit steadily.
- Businesses closing made up 66% of cancellations with 76 customers closing in 2022/2023.





# Separate Waste Streams Effect and their effect on LAs

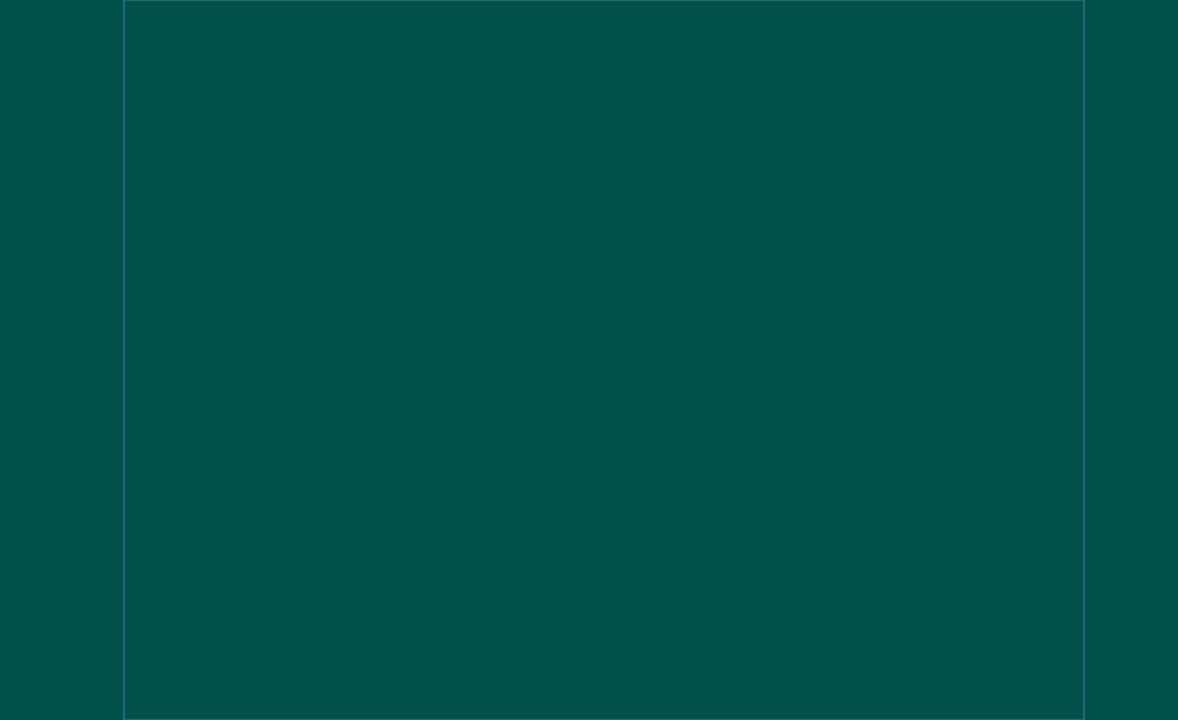
- LAs will need to offer separate recycling waste stream collections as "approved" services to customers.
- LAs will need to make changes to the service on an operational level to be able to service and collect the separated materials.
- LAs will need to advise all their existing customers of the changes and what these changes mean for their business.
- LAs will need to consider the needs of the customers they are working with on a individual level to identify the streams needed for them to comply.
- LAs will need to enforce these changes throughout the respective boroughs.



### Thanks for listening!

Presentation by Daniel Long on behalf of Hillingdon Council

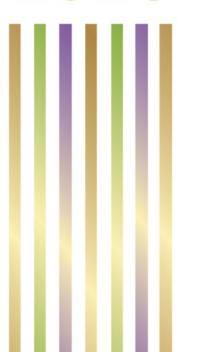










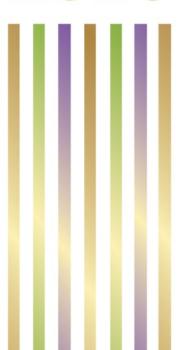


### **QUESTIONS & ANSWERS**









### TEA, COFFEE & NETWORKING









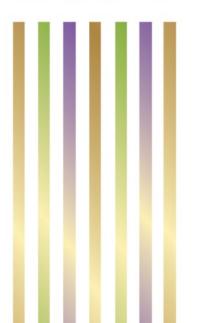
Chair: James Ward, Waste Contracts and Strategy Officer,
Hull City Council
Niamh McBride, Local Authority Partnerships
Manager, Material Focus
Kieran O'Leary, Waste Strategy & Policy Officer,
Durham County Council







2023



#### WEEE

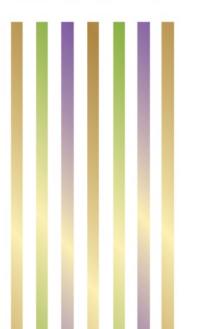
Niamh McBride, Local Authority Partnerships Manager, Material Focus







2023



**WEEE** 

Kieran O'Leary, Waste Strategy & Policy Officer, Durham County Council

# Durham County Council's Small WEEE Campaign

Kieran O'Leary

Waste Strategy & Policy Officer

(One of two Project Officers for the Small WEEE Campaign)



# Background: Durham County Council Waste Management Service

#### **Resources & Contracts**

- 8<sup>th</sup> largest LA by size in England
- Largest LA in the North East
- 12 Household Waste Recycling Centres and 1 mobile HWRC
- 4 Waste Transfer Stations
- 1 composting facility
- Energy from Waste (EFW) contract with Suez
- Material Recycling Facility (MRF) with BIFFA







#### **Productivity**

- •37.1 % reuse, recycling and composting (2022/23)
- No food waste collections
- •Over 65,000 garden waste subscriptions per season
- •Operate a trade waste collection service to over 3,100 customers
- •No kerbside collections of WEEE!



#### **Background: The WEEE Landscape**

- E-Waste is the fastest growing waste type, increasing by around 5% annually.
- In 2023, 82.6% of the world's e-waste will be either placed in landfill, burned, illegally traded or hoarded in the households.
- Even in Europe, which leads the world in e-waste recycling, only 54% of e-waste is officially reported as collected and recycled
- The amount of electricals placed on the market in 2020 and 2021 increased by 10.2% and 14.7% respectively, when compared to 2019, yet WEEE collections fell.
- One tonne of discarded mobile phones can provide 10 times more gold (400g) than one tonne of ore (4g)
- Each person in the UK buys three new electrical items each year
- 75% of us have at least one old or unused electrical items in our house, 45% have up to five.



#### Background: Small WEEE Campaign

- Successful in receiving 3 rounds of funding via the DTS fund & Material Focus Fund (Local Authority)
- -£65,018 DTS Dedicated officer & initial scheme set up (19/20)
- -£88,302 DTS Develop collection scheme / reuse and repair cafes (21/22)
- -£100,000 Material Focus Develop Vape recycling system, increase comms and expand reuse, repair and recycling (Ongoing 23/24)
- -Significant Teething problems, planned launch in February 2020 delayed due to COVID, in the meantime EA declares household WEEE as Hazardous waste changing dynamics of the project, first collection points rolled out in October 2020 before winter COVID restrictions saw the majority of collection points close. Eventual Launch in June 2021.







### Legislation

June 9, 2020 by James Langley

WEEE

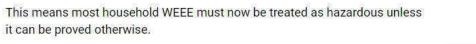
## Treat most household WEEE as hazardous, EA says

Most household waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE) must now be classified as waste containing persistent organic pollutants (POPs), according to updated guidance from the Environment Agency.



Recent eco-design measures restrict the use of BFRs in halogenated flame retardants in some televisions







#### Hazardous Waste

- When hazardous waste is moved it must be accompanied by correctly completed paperwork called a consignment note. The note must be prepared before it's moved.
- DCC consigns every single collection made from a small WEEE collection point.
- A note is needed for all movements of hazardous waste, including:
  - collections from businesses by registered waste carriers;
  - -movements from one premises to another within the same business;
  - movements from customer premises, where another business has produced waste;
- A consignment note is not needed to move hazardous waste for:

   the movement of domestic hazardous waste (other than asbestos waste) from a domestic household to an initial collection point.









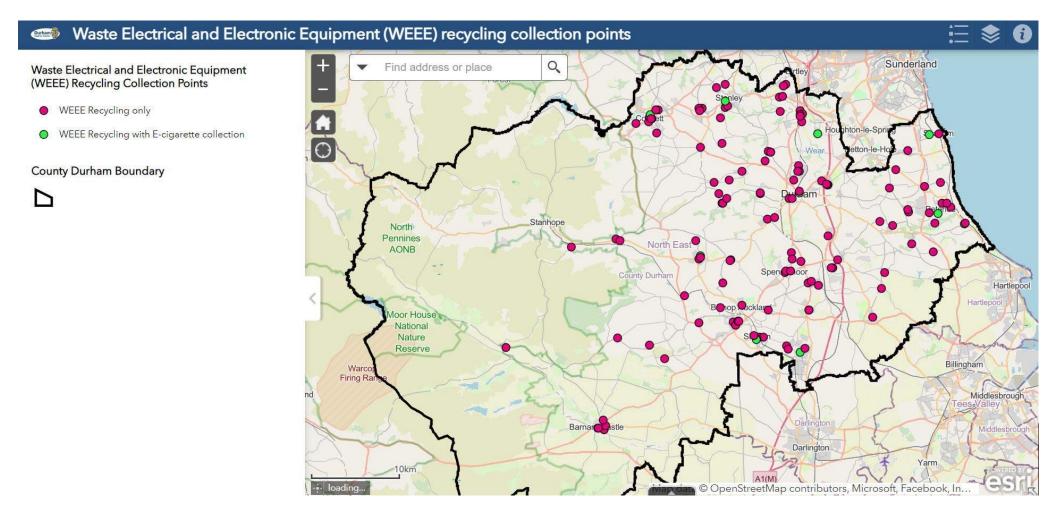








#### County Durham: Small WEEE Collection Points

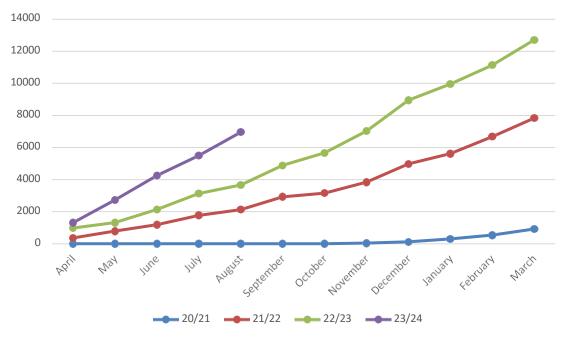




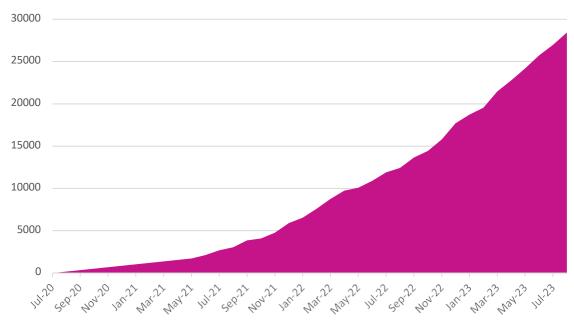


#### Performance

The cumulative amount of Small WEEE recycled exclusively through the Small WEEE project per financial year (Kg)



# Total Small WEEERecycled exclusively through Small WEEEProject (Kg)







#### Communications





Durham County Council

28 Apr 2022 - 🚱



Recycle for County Durham







Waste electrical and electronic equipment

(weee) recycling a chance to become something new. What you can recycle







Webpage: www.durham.gov.uk/WEEE





# Reuse & Repair

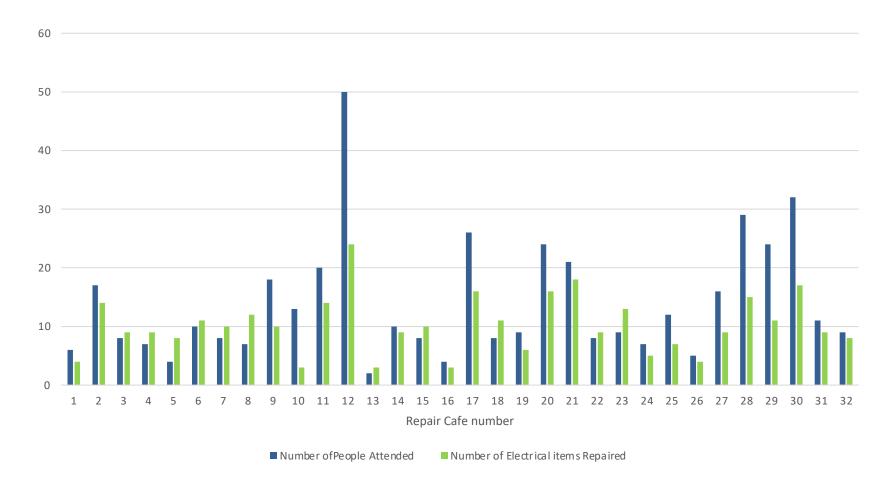






#### Performance

- 32 Repair Cafés
- 442 people attended
- 327 items repaired
- 1150Kg of EEE repaired or reused
- 7848Kg CO2e saved











# **Battery Recycling**

- In order to combat the rising trend of battery fires and to best enable correct disposal routes for batteries, all 146 small WEEE collection points have a Battery recycling Tube or box.
- The following household batteries are accepted: 6V, D, 9V, C, AA, AAA, Button. We also accept batteries from electrical and electronic equipment including mobile phone, laptop and power tool batteries. Lithium batteries must have both terminals taped over.

# E-Cigarette & Vape Recycling

- E-Cigarettes are very difficult to recycle, as they contain a nicotine reservoir & sponge alongside plastic and a lithium battery. Since Small WEEE is usually shredded when recycled, Vapes cannot disposed of alongside Small WEEE due to the flammable lithium battery. Battery recyclers also do not have the facilities to separate & process the nicotine reservoir, so until recently there was no recycling process for vapes.
- Over 5 million single-use vapes are thrown away every week
- The vapes sold in the UK last year contained enough copper to make 370,000 at-home electric vehicle chargers and enough lithium to produce more than 2,500 EV batteries.





# E-Cigarette & Vape Recycling



In Spring 2023, GAP devised a recycling method which uses a press to separate the vape keeping the battery whole. GAP recover all recyclable materials including the battery, and as instructed by the Environment Agency, safely dispose of the nicotine reservoir, sponge and wick through incineration.





# E-Cigarette & Vape Recycling

Durham County Council have begun installation of a network of E-cigarette recycling tubes in community buildings across County Durham as well as at our household waste recycling centres. This offers easy access to e-cigarette recycling and goes some way to tackling the environmental problems caused by E-cigarettes & Vapes.

There are currently seventeen community recycling points for vapes, in a mixture of libraries, leisure centres and community centres.













#### **Partners**











#### Conclusion

- Introduced a new service to County Durham residents
- The scheme so far has been extremely popular
- Our partners have been excellent
- 146 Small WEEE & Battery recycling points
- 29 tonnes of Small WEEE recycled
- 32 Repair Cafes
- 1 Tonne of Small EEE repair & reuse
- 17 Vape recycling points
- 40Kg of vapes recycled (Early days!)
- Further promotions and communications to residents will allow for further reuse, repair, recycling and recovery of small electrical goods in line with the waste hierarchy.







# **Project Contacts**

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#### The Strategic Waste team

wasteaware@durham.gov.uk or through our Recycle for County Durham Facebook Page





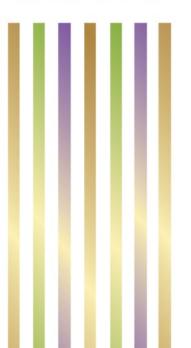






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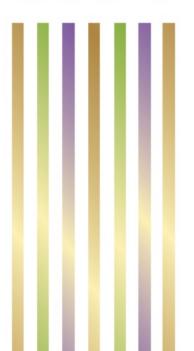
#### **QUESTIONS & ANSWERS**







2023



#### **LUNCH & NETWORKING**